

Vocabulary Activities



Reading Activities for the Home

- Read Aloud:** Continue to read aloud to your child even after he/she is able to read independently. Choose books above your child's level because they are likely to contain broader vocabulary. This way, you are actually teaching him new words and how they are used in context.
- Preview Words:** Before reading to or with your child, scan through the book, choose two words that you think might be interesting or unfamiliar to your child. Tell your child what the words are and what they mean. As you read the book, have your child listen for those words.
- Hot Potato (Version 1):** Play Hot Potato with synonyms. Choose a word, and then your child has to think of another word that means the same thing. Take turns until neither player can think of another word. For example, you may say, *cold*, and your child might say, *freezing*. Then you could say, *chilly*, and so on. Try the game again with antonyms (opposites).
- Hot Potato (Version 2):** Play Hot Potato with prefixes or suffixes. The prefixes *dis-*, *ex-*, *mis-*, *non-*, *pre-*, *re-*, and *un-* are common. Common suffixes include *-able/-ible*, *-ed*, *-er*, *-est*, *-ful*, *-ish*, *-less*, *-ly*, *-ment*, and *-ness*.
- Hot Potato (Version 3):** Play Hot Potato with categories. For younger children, the categories can be simple: pets, clothes, family members. For older children, the categories can be quite complex: the Revolutionary War, astronomy, math terms.
- Word Collecting:** Have each family member be on the look out for interesting words that they heard that day. At dinner or bedtime, have everyone share the word they collected and tell what they think it means. If the child shares an incorrect meaning, guide him/her to the correct meaning. Try to use some of the words in conversation.
- Play "categories" with your child. Name a topic such as "ecosystems" and ask your child to think of all the words he/she can relate to that topic. This is a great way to build word knowledge!
- When you read a book about a topic, ask him/her to tell you all the words related to it. For example, if you read a book about dinosaurs, he/she might say Tyrannosaurus Rex, paleontologist, herbivore, carnivore, or fossil. Add other words to help expand upon what he/she says.