



Huntington Beach City School District

Common Core State Standards Grade Level Learning Descriptors

First Grade ENGLISH/LANGUAGE ARTS

Reading Foundational Skills

- **Print Concepts** – recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence.
- **Phonological Awareness** – distinguish long from short vowel sounds in spoken single-syllable words; orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds including consonant blends; isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds in spoken single-syllable words and segment into their complete sequence of individual sounds.
- **Phonics and Word Recognition** – know the spelling-sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs; decode regularly spelled one-syllable words; know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds; use knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word; decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking the words into syllables; read words with inflectional endings; recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.
- **Fluency** – read on-level text with purpose and understanding; read on-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings; use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

Reading Literature

- **Key Ideas and Details** – ask and answer questions about key details in a text; retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson; describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key details.
- **Craft and Structure** – identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses; explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide range of text types; identify who is telling the story at various points in a text.
- **Integration of Knowledge and Ideas** – use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or events; compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories.

Reading Informational Text

- **Key Ideas and Details** – ask and answer questions about key details in a text; identify the main topic and retell key details of a text; describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.
- **Craft and Structure** – ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text; know and use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text; distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in the text.
- **Integration of Knowledge and Ideas** – use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas; identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text; identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic.

Writing

- **Text Types and Purposes** – write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure; write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure; write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure.
- **Production and Distribution of Writing** – with guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed; with guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.
- **Research to Build and Present Knowledge** – participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of “how-to” books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions); with guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.

Language

- **Conventions of Standard English** – print all upper and lowercase letters correctly; use common, proper, and possessive nouns; use singular and plural nouns with matching verbs in basic sentences; use personal, possessive, and indefinite pronouns; use verbs to convey a sense of past, present, and future; use frequently occurring adjectives; use frequently occurring conjunctions; use determiners; use frequently occurring prepositions; produce and expand complete simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts; capitalize dates and names of people; use end punctuation for sentences; use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series; use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words; spell untaught words phonetically, drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions.
- **Vocabulary Acquisition and Use** – use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or paraphrase; use frequently occurring affixes as a clue to the meaning of a word; identify frequently occurring root words (e.g. look) and their inflectional forms (e.g., looks, looked, looking).



Huntington Beach City School District

Common Core State Standards Grade Level Learning Descriptors

- **Vocabulary Acquisition and Use (Cont)** – with guidance and support from adults, demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings; sort words into categories to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent; define words by category and by one or more key attributes; identify real-life connections between words and their use; distinguish shades of meaning among verbs differing in manner and adjectives differing in intensity defining or choosing them or by acting out the meanings; use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using frequently occurring conjunctions to signal simple relationships.

Speaking and Listening

- **Comprehension and Collaboration** – participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups; follow agreed upon rules for discussions (e.g. listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion); build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges; ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion; ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media; ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.
- **Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas** – describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly; add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thought, and feelings; produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation.

First Grade MATHEMATICS

Operations and Algebraic Thinking

- **Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction** – use addition and subtraction within 20 to solve word problems by using objects, drawings, and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem; solve word problems that call for addition of three whole numbers whose sum is less than or equal to 20, by using objects, drawings, and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.
- **Understand and apply properties of operation and the relationship between addition and subtraction** – apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract; understand subtraction as an unknown-addend problem.
- **Add and subtract within 20** – relate counting to addition and subtraction; add and subtract within 20, demonstrating fluency for addition and subtraction within 10.
- **Work with addition and subtraction equations** – understand the meaning of the equal sign, determine if equations involving addition and subtraction are true or false; write and solve number sentences from problem situations that express relationships involving addition and subtraction within 20; determine the unknown whole number in an addition or subtraction equation relating three whole numbers.

Number and Operations in Base Ten

- **Extend the counting sequence** – count to 120, starting at any number less than 120. In this range, read and write numerals and represent a number of objects with a written numeral.
- **Understand place value** – understand that the two digits of a two-digit number represent amounts of tens and ones; compare two two-digit numbers based on meanings of the tens and ones digits.
- **Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract** – add within 100, including adding a two-digit number and a one-digit number, and adding a two-digit number and a multiple of 10; given a two-digit number, mentally find 10 more or 10 less than the number, without having to count; explain the reasoning used, subtract multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 from multiples of 10 in the range 10-90; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used.

Measurement and Data

- **Measure lengths indirectly and by iterating length units** – order three objects by length; compare the lengths of two objects indirectly by using a third object; express the length of an object as a whole number of length units.
- **Tell and write time** – tell and write time in hours and half-hours using analog and digital clocks; relate time to events (e.g., before/after, shorter/longer).
- **Represent and interpret data** – organize, represent, and interpret data with up to three categories; describe, extend, and explain ways to get to a next element in simple repeating patterns.
- **Reason with shapes and their attributes** – distinguish between defining attributes; compose two-dimensional shapes or three-dimensional shapes to create a composite shape, and compose new shapes from the composite shape; partition circles and rectangles into two and four equal shares, describe the shares using the words halves, fourths, and quarters.



Huntington Beach City School District

Common Core State Standards

Grade Level Learning Descriptors

Common Core State Standards and Grade Level Technology Competencies can be found on our website (please click on the following):

www.hbcasd.us - Parents / Educational Services / Common Core Standards

The following assessment methods may be utilized to determine your child's progress toward mastery of the standards:

- ✓ Student performance and participation during class activities and discussions
- ✓ Performance tasks
- ✓ Teacher observation (whole group and small group)
- ✓ One-on-one assessments (teacher and student)
- ✓ Class work, projects, and writing samples
- ✓ Summative assessments (paper pencil and / or online)