

## ***Textbook Concepts: The Progressive Era, 1901-1918***

**Instructions:** For each chapter, there are questions as well as terms. Answer the questions using either complete sentences or outline format. Define each term, focusing on the historical significance of the person/place/event/development. All work is to be done **independently**.

These study guides will be turned in on the second day of class, and will be your primary resources for preparing for the Progressive Era test, which will be administered sometime during the first full week of school. More information can be found on the Summer Work assignment sheet.

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### **CHAPTER 28: PROGRESSIVISM AND THE REPUBLICAN ROOSEVELT, 1901-1912**

#### **Questions**

1. What were the goals of the Progressives?
2. What issues were addressed by the major muckrakers?
3. Define each of the major political reforms that progressives desired.
4. What changes did progressives make at the city and state level?
5. How successful were Progressives in combating social ills?
6. What were the three C's of the Square Deal?
7. Assess the following statement, "Teddy Roosevelt's reputation as a trustbuster is undeserved."
8. What was the effect of Upton Sinclair's book, *The Jungle*?
9. What factors led Americans to take an active interest in conservation?
10. What were the results of the Roosevelt Panic of 1907?
11. What was the legacy of Teddy Roosevelt's presidency?
12. "William Howard Taft was less suited for the presidency than he appeared to be." Explain
13. What was dollar diplomacy and how was it practiced?
14. Who deserves the nickname "Trustbuster," Roosevelt or Taft?
15. Why did the Progressive wing of the Republican Party turn against Taft?
16. How did the Republican Party split at the party's 1912 convention?
17. Explain the difference between Roosevelt's form of progressivism and Wilson's.
18. "The [1912] election results are fascinating." Explain.

#### **Terms / People to know**

Social Gospel (639) Muckrakers (639) initiative, referendum, and recall (644) <i>Muller v. Oregon</i> (646) <i>Lochner v. New York</i> (646) Women's Christian Temperance Union (WCTU) (647) Meat Inspection Act (650) Pure Food and Drug Act (650) dollar diplomacy (657) Payne-Aldrich Bill (658) New Freedom and New Nationalism (659)	Robert M. La Follette Florence Kelley Frances E. Willard Gifford Pinchot John Muir
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### **CHAPTER 29: WILSONIAN PROGRESSIVISM IN PEACE AND WAR, 1913-1920**

1. How did Wilson's personality and past affect the way he conducted himself as president?

2. What were the three parts of the "triple wall of privilege?"
3. How was the Federal Reserve System different than the banking system that existed in the U.S. in 1913?
4. How did Wilson curb the trusts?
5. Describe some of the positive and negative outcomes of Wilson's progressive legislation and actions.
6. Contrast Wilson's ideas of foreign policy with those of Roosevelt and Taft.
7. Why did Mexico give such trouble to the Wilson administration?
8. What caused Europe to plunge into WWI in 1914?
9. What caused an officially neutral America to turn against the Central Powers?
10. How did Germany's use of submarines lead to tense relations with the U.S.?
11. What were the keys to Wilson's electoral victory in 1916?
12. What events led Woodrow Wilson to ask Congress to declare war?
13. What were Wilson's war aims. How did these set America apart from the other combatants?
14. List several of Wilson's Fourteen Points.
15. How were Americans motivated to help in the war effort?
16. How was loyalty forced during WWI?
17. Why was it difficult to mobilize industry for the war effort?
18. How did the war affect the labor movement?
19. How did the war affect women?
20. Did government become too intrusive in people's lives during the war? Give examples to support your answer.
21. Was the government's effort to raise an army fair and effective?
22. Describe the effect of the American troops on the fighting.
23. What role did America play in bringing Germany to surrender?
24. What political mistakes hurt Wilson in the months following the armistice?
25. How did Wilson's desire for the League of Nations affect his bargaining at the peace conference?
26. What compromises did Wilson make at the peace conference?
27. For what reasons did Wilson compromise his Fourteen Points?
28. Why was the treaty criticized back in America?
29. What was the purpose and result of Wilson's trip around the country when he returned to America?
30. Why was the treaty finally rejected?
31. What did the results of the 1920 election indicate?
32. How much should the U.S. be blamed for the failure of the Treaty of Versailles?
33. To what extent was Wilson realistic when he called for a world of cooperation, equality and justice among nations?

### Terms / People to know

Underwood Tariff (664) Federal Reserve Act (665) Federal Trade Commission Act (666) Clayton Anti-Trust Act (666) holding companies (666) Central Powers (669) Allies (669) U-boats (671) <i>Lusitania</i> (671) Zimmerman Note (673) Fourteen Points (675) Committee on Public Information (675)	Louis D. Brandeis Francisco ("Pancho") Villa Charles Evans Hughes Arthur Zimmerman George Creel Eugene V. Debs Herbert Hoover Alice Paul Henry Cabot Lodge
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Espionage Act (676) <i>Schenck v. United States</i> (676) War Industries Board (677) Industrial Workers of the World (678) 19th Amendment (680) Sheppard-Towner Maternity Act (680) American Expeditionary Forces (AEF) (680) League of Nations (686) Treaty of Versailles (687) irreconcilables (687)	
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